Korea: a second clean air plan after successful first 2004-14

(Last 10 years (2004~2014) 1st and current 2nd phase air quality management program of Metropolitan Area)

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KAEA(Korea Automobile Environmental Association)

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- II. 2nd phase(2015–2024) Air Quality Management Program
- III. Certification and Managements of DPF



KAEA (Korea Automobile Environmental Association)

www.aea.or.kr

Purpose of Establishment

The purpose of this program is to contribute to the health and environmental preservation of the people by reducing the risks to human health and the environment caused by automobile exhaust gas and to promote mutual interest among KAEA members.

A legal basis: Article NO. 78, 80 of the "Clean Air Conservation Act"

History

- 2007.11. Held the inaugural assembly of the Korea Automobile Environmental Association Obtained permission of incorporation (Ministry of Environment NO.321) Corporate registration (Seoul Central District Court)
- 2007.12. Performed a follow-up management service for a reduction program
- 2009.01. Performed a device return management service on commission
- 2010.03. Performed the service to determine cars subjected to accelerated retirement
- 2011.02. Performed a follow-up management service for Idle stop and go system
- 2011.03. Implemented a Korean style auto-oil program
- 2012.07. Propagated an Eco-drive Campaign on commission
- 2015.03 EV public quick charging infrastructure operation management consignment work

Main business

- 1. Diesel vehicle emission reduction program
- Diesel Particulate Filter(DPF)
- PM-NOx reduction device(SCR)
- Low-emission engine remodeling/replacement
- Emission reduction program call center
- Selection and confirmation testing of early scrapped subject
- 2. Eco driving culture spread program
- Eco driving nationwide campaign (eco-drive.or.kr)
- Eco driving contest
- 3. EV charging infrastructure management
- Public quick charging infrastructure management
- Slow charger installation service
- 4. Research for Environmental transportation field
- Support Vehides Emission In-use Compliance Test (Recall, NIER)
- Support Heavy-duty Vehides Real Driving Emission Test(PEMS, NIER)
- Auto-Oil program(MOE)
- LEZ(Low Emission Zone) Research & Consultation
- Pilot Project : New reduction device supply
- Select a target vehicle for In-use Compliance Test
- Other environmental transportation field research business

Members of KAEA

Diesel Particulate Filter(9)



















LPG Modification(6)













I. Background of Air Quality

Management Program

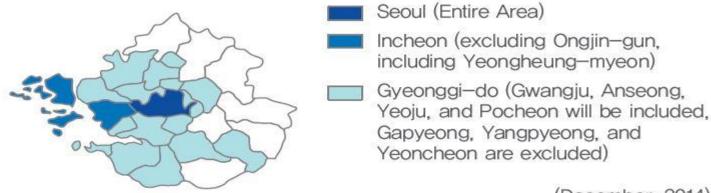
- 1st phase(2004–2014) Program for Metropolitan Air Quality Management
- 1-2 1st phase Retrofit Quantity of Diesel Vehicles
- 1-3 Results and Limits of 1st phase Program

1-1. 1st phase Special Measures on Metropolitan Air Quality Improvement

Improvement Plan and Target Area

Target

Significant Reduction of PM and NO2 2014 Goal PM 40 µg/m². NO2 22 ppb (since 2005)



(December, 2014)

Visibility distance from Nam Mountain to the coast of Incheon on a clear day







1-1. 1st phase Special Measures on Metropolitan Air Quality Improvement

Old Diesel Vehicles Retrofit Program

Implementation of emission reduction program since 2005 by installation of after-treatment

devices, LPG conversion, and early scrapping by government subsidy.









Aftertreatment Devices

- Type: DPF, p—DPF, DOC
- Reduction: PM10(80%, DPF)
- Vehicles older than 5 years



LPG Conversion

- Diesel Engine → LPG Engine
- Reduction: PM(99%), CO, HC(30%), NOx(70%)
- Convert piston, injector, fuel pump, LPG tank etc.



Early Scrapping

- Very old diesel vehicles
- Reduction: All air pollutants 100%
- Vehicles older than 7 years



1-2. 1st phase Retrofit Quantity of Diesel Vehicles

Achievements

Total 820,000 vehicles Retrofitted with an Investment of 2.2b USD Government Subsidy

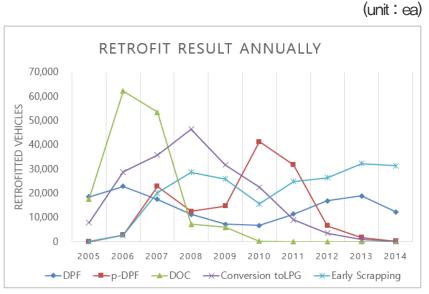
(DPF) 143,569, (p-DPF) 134,491, (DOC) 146,629
 (LPG Modification) 86,689, (Early Scrapping) 208,172

 $('05\sim'14)$

Retrofit Type Ratio

Early Scrapping 208.172 [25.4%] Conversion to LPG 186.689 [22.8%] DPF 143.569 D-DPF 134.491 [18.4%] DOC 146.629 [17.9%]

Retrofit result Trend



1-3. Results and Limits of 1st phase Program

PM₁₀



NO₂

Seoul

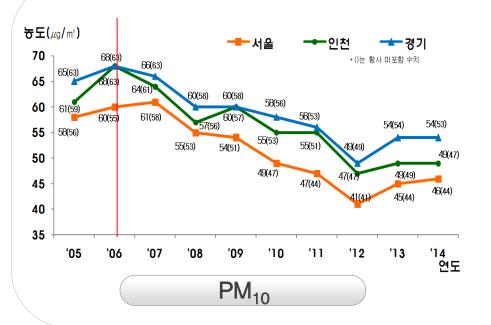
36 ppb → 33 ppb
(2006) (2014)

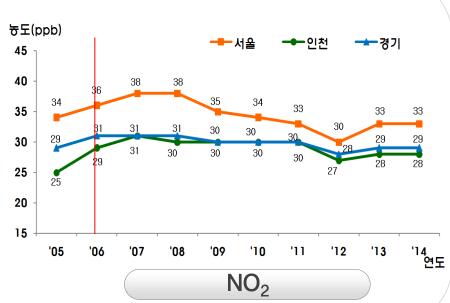
Insufficiency

Air Quality has improved, but not reached 2014 final goal.

 \square (Goal of 2014 Air Quality) PM₁₀ : 40 μ g/m³, NO₂ : 22ppb

Air Quality in Metropolitan Area





1-3. Results and Limits of 1st phase Program

Results & Limits

- (1) On-road air pollutants reduced, while off-road pollutants increased
- (2) PM2.5, O3 are not managed, so insufficient for human risk management.

PM₁₀ Exhaust Quantity

(Unit: Ton)

NOx Exhaust Quantity

(Unit: Ton)

Year	On-road	Off-road
2004(A)	8,904	2,855
2013(B)	3,538	3,386
2014 Target	5,964	1,175
(B-A)	△5,366	531

		(0
Year	On-road	Off-road
2004(A)	167,964	51,566
2013(B)	113,805	64,064
2014 Target	73,736	23,159
(B-A)	△54,159	12,508

Needs Arise to Strengthen the management of off-road vehicle by using engine replacement and retrofit with DPF and PMNOx system.

Status of PM2.5 of Seoul compared with major global cities



II. 2nd phase(2015~2024) Air Quality Management Program

- 2nd phase Special Program on Metropolitan Air Quality Management
- 2-2 Achievements during 2015-2018

2-1. 2nd phase Special Measures on Metropolitan Air Quality Management

Strengthening the improvement Target and extending the Air Quality Management Area

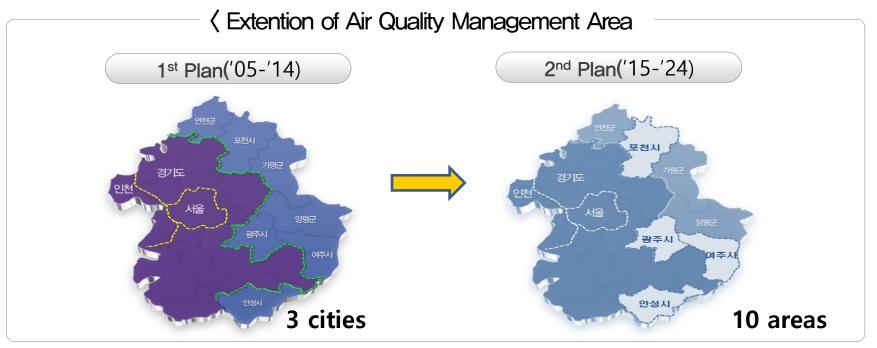
Realize Healthy 100 Years age by clean air

Outline

Target: PM10 30μg/m³, PM2.5 20μg/m³, NO2 21ppb, O3 21ppb

Period: 2015~2024

■ Areas: Including 7 areas excluded during 1st Program



2-1, 2nd phase Special Measures on Metropolitan Air Quality Management

Technology Upgrade and Coverage Expansion of Retrofit Tech. ('15~'24)

Existing Reterofit Program

- Retrofitting with DPF
- LPG Conversion
- Early Scrapping
- Units (DPF) 151,000 (Early Scrapping) 190,000 (LPG) 3,800



NOx Reduction Program

- PM-NOx Aftertreatment
- Retrofit with SCR
- Units (Applied Vehicles) 100,000



Construction Equipment Program

- Engine Replacement (Forklift, Excavator)
 - Tier1 ↓ Tier 3, 4
- DPF Retrofit for off-road Veh.
- Units (off-road Veh.) 10,000
 (Engine Replacement) 15,000







Continuing until 2019

On-road, Non-road vehicles emissions restriction(\sim 2024)

2-1. 2nd phase Special Measures on Metropolitan Air Quality Management

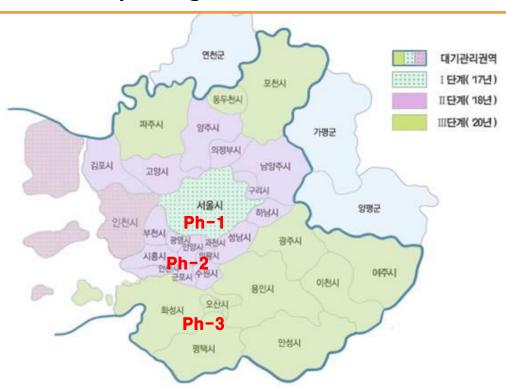
LEZ Implementation targeting Old Diesel Vehicles

(Application Target) Vehicles registered in metropolitan area and comprehensive inspection

failed vehicle or non-compliant vehicles against the order of low pollution measures.

(Phase 1) 2017 Seoul (Phase 2) 2018 Seoul, Incheon, 17 Gyeonggi cities

(Phase 3) 2020 All Air Quality Management Area (Seoul, Incheon & 28 Gyeonggi cities)



2-1. 2nd phase Special Measures on Metropolitan Air Quality Management

Strengthen management of Off-road vehicle and NOx emission

PM-NOx Emission Reduction

- Target vehicle: HD Bus & Truck
- Reduction Efficiency: PM(80%) NOx(80%)
- Units ('18~'24) : 3,000 units a year



Off-road vehicle Retrofit

- (DPF Retrofit) Dump truck, Concrete Mixer truck, Pump truck
- (Engine Replacement) Forklift, Excavator
- Units (DPF) 32,000 units (Engine Replacement) 95,000 units





2-2. Achievements during 2015~2018

Achieve ments

Total 350,000 vehicle Retrofit with 320b USD Investment

- 2nd phase Air Quality Management program is focusing on the retrofit with PM-NOx system and low-pollution measures for In-use Off-road equipment.
 - ('15-'18): DPF 63,235, LPG conversion 1,706, engine replacement of Off-road equipment 3,681, early-scrapping 281,840 (Unit: ea)

Yeay/C	ategory	′15	′16	′17	'18
То	tal	46,701	58,499	102,525	142,737
Early So	rapping	29,365	43,410	90,155	118,910
DPF(include p	o-DPF) Retrofit	16,251	13,176	10,132	20,338
LPG coi	nversion	799	637	56	214
PM-NOx Sys	stem Retrofit	60	185	249	517
Off-road Equipment	DPF Retrofit	-	159	1,106	1,062
	Engine Replacement	226	932	827	1,696

With investment by 2.5b USD, total 1,206,788 in—use vehicles units were retrofitted during 2005~2018(DPF 514,582, LPG 197,788, Off—road equipment 3,827, early scrapping 490,074)

III. DPF Certification and Managements of Korea

- 3-1 Certification Process by NIER of MOE Korea
- 3-2 Retrofit Technologies
- 3-3 Follow-up Management and Supports

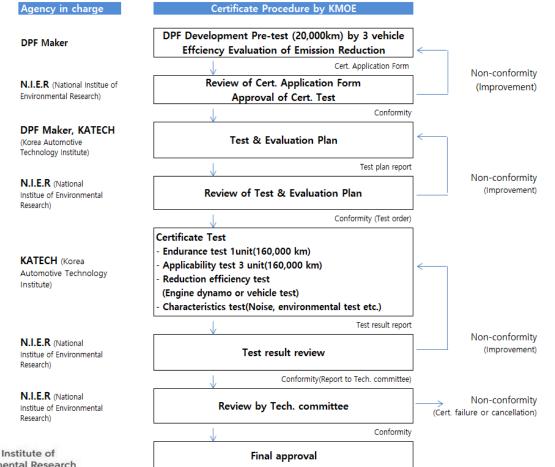
3-1. Certification Process by NIER of MOE

Status of DPF Certification of NIER

Total 70 DPF (including p-DPF) Certified ('18.12.31)

Certificate Procedure

- The NIER(National Institute of Environmental Research)
 , Affiliated organization of MOE, manages certification and KATECH(Korea Automotive Technology Institute) conducts the certification test
- Tests are composed with durability test, applicability test, reduction efficiency test, and characteristics test

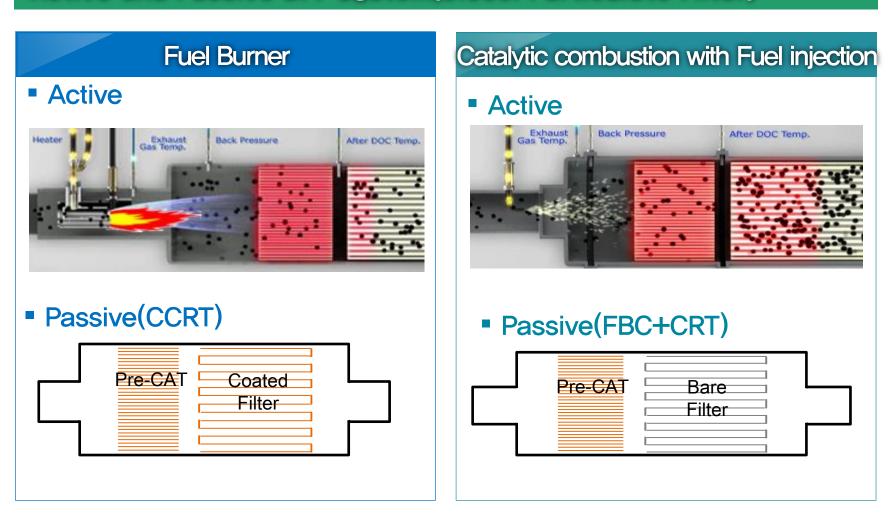






3-2. Retrofit Technologies

Active and Passive DPF System(Diesel Particulate Filter)



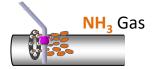
3-2. Retrofit Technologies

SCR (Selective Catalyst Reduction)



Gaseous Injection

Gas Tube + Storage cartridge







3-2. Retrofit Technologies

LPG Conversion







 Various parts: piston, ECU, fuel tank etc. for LPG

Substrates









- Locally production of Ceramic honeycomb, Metal fiber substrate for DPF/SCR
- Catalyst Coating technology

3-3. Follow-up Managements and Supports

Follow-up Managements



- 2. Call Monitoring by KAEA
- 3. Defect Checking Inspection: Selection 5 units under warranty and filtration efficiency test, more than 3 units should show above 80% efficiency. by KAEA
- Performance Check: Performance check after 2months of installation by KOTSA
- 5. Reuse and Recycle of returned units from the scrapped vehicles and warranty period elapsed units by KAEA

Supports

- 1. Cleaning Support: 3-times during warranty period(3 years) and since then 1-times a year (130 USD support per a cleaning)
 - Management by 36 Cleaning Center nationwide
- 2. UREA Cost Support: 1500L during warranty period(3 years)(1,600 USD)

Thanks for your Attention!

